

Archipello.®

Edging Installation Guide.



Overview:

Archipello. garden edging is supplied in 2.3 m lengths. Corners, both inside and outside, are also available in set sizes.

Each length includes 8 pre-drilled screw holes, making it simple to fasten the edging to timber pegs.

This guide provides a clear, step-by-step method to ensure a professional-quality installation.



Flattened Top Edge



Straight Top Edge



Set Top Edge

Note:

Straight Top and Flattened Top edging can be installed in both straight and curved layouts. Set Top edging is designed for straight installations only and cannot be curved.

Equipment required:

- Measuring tape
- String line and pegs
- Spirit level
- Rubber mallet
- Drill/driver
- Spade or trenching shovel
- Saw (for trimming peg height if required)
- Marker or spray paint
- Safety gloves and glasses

Materials required:

- Archipello. corten steel edging (2.3m lengths)
- Supplied H4 pine 50 x 50 mm x 450 mm height timber pegs (4 pegs supplied per edging length, 2 pegs supplied per corner piece)
- Exterior screws (supplied)
- Additional screws (optional)
- Backfill/topsoil

1. Planning the Installation

Determine the layout

- Measure the full length of the area where the edging will be installed.
- Use a string line for straight runs.
- For curves, lay out a garden hose or rope to guide a smooth natural shape.

Mark timber peg positions

- Each 2.3 m length requires 4 pegs and each corner piece requires 2 pegs (supplied).
- Position the pegs so they align with the 8 pre-drilled screw holes on the edging.
- For joins between edging pieces, centre one peg directly across the join, providing fixing points for both sections.

Decide the installation height. Archipello edging can be installed:

- Flush with lawn level.
- Slightly proud (above ground) as a mowing edge.
- Below soil level for a subtle planting border.
- Use the string line to mark the final top height before digging.

Hard Surface Installation:

For installation on hard surfaces, please contact us for fixing methodology.

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2. Ground Preparation

Dig a shallow trench

- Excavate a trench deep enough to achieve your desired edging height.
- Depth varies depending on whether the edging will sit above ground or be partially buried.
- Clear out loose soil, roots and debris.

Tip: Having a firm, level base makes installation easier and improves long-term stability.

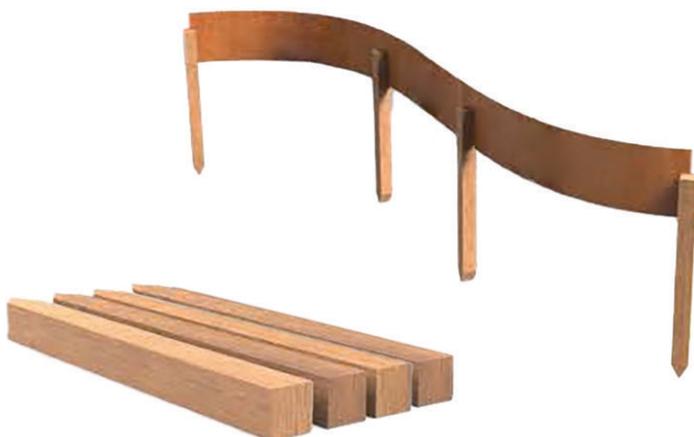
3. Installing Timber Pegs

Install the first peg

- Drive the peg into the ground using a rubber mallet or a sledgehammer.
- Leave enough peg height exposed for the edging to sit at the correct level.
- Use the string line to ensure the peg is straight (plumb) and at the right height.

Install the remaining pegs

- Position pegs to line up with the pre-drilled screw holes along the edging.
- Ensure all pegs align with the string line, sit at a consistent top height and are vertically straight.
- At joins, drive the peg so it sits centered with the join as this peg will receive screws from both edging pieces.



4. Fixing the Edging to Timber Pegs

Position the edging

- Place the edging into the trench shaping it carefully to your planned straight or curved layout.
- Ensure the edging sits tight and flush against the peg faces.

Align the pre-drilled holes and attach the edging to the pegs

- Use the supplied exterior-grade screws.
- Start at one end and attach screws loosely.
- Continue along the line, fixing each peg using the pre-drilled holes.

Align adjoining sections and fix at the joint

- Slide the next edging piece into place so the ends sit tight and flush.
- Ensure the join sits directly over the center of the peg.
- Loosely screw both edging lengths into the shared peg using the pre-drilled holes.
- Once all screws are inserted along the full run, tighten everything fully working from one end to the other.

Forming smooth curves

- For curved lines, gently bend the edging into shape as you screw in each peg.
- Loosen and adjust as needed before final tightening.

Check alignment

- Check height at multiple points using a spirit level.
- Step back and visually ensure the edging flows smoothly.
- Make adjustments with a rubber mallet if required.

5. Backfill and Finishing

Backfill behind the edging

- Add soil or mulch behind the edging.
- Lightly compact it to secure the edging in place.

Tip: Avoid overfilling as this can push the edging outward.

Finish the front edge

- Add lawn, soil, gravel or paving up to the front of the edging.
- Keep finishing material slightly below the top for a clean finish.

Archipello. Elements are available exclusively through Advance Landscape Systems.

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